

Swing Clamps with Sturdy Swing Mechanism

Top flange type, with optional position monitoring, double acting, max. operating pressure 350 bar



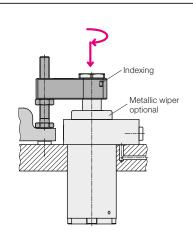
Advantages

- 5 sizes available
- Compact design partially recessible
- High clamping force at low pressures
- Sturdy swing mechanism
- Insensitive against high flow rates
- Indexing of the clamping arm in a specified position is possible
- Special swing angle easily realizable
- Standard FKM wiper
- Metallic wiper optional
- Screw counterbores coverable
- Position monitoring available in six variants
- Hydraulic and pneumatic ports integrated in

Installation and connecting possibilities

Mounting position: any

Pipe thread



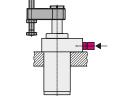
Application

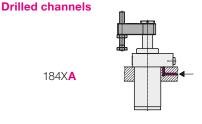
Hydraulic swing clamps are used for clamping of workpieces, when it is essential to keep the clamping area free of straps and clamping components for unrestricted workpiece loading and unloading.

Due to the sturdy swing mechanism and the manifold possibilities of position monitoring these swing clamps are particularly suited for

- Automatic manufacturing systems
- · Clamping fixtures with workpiece loading via handling systems
- Transfer lines
- Test systems for motors, gears and axes
- Assembly lines
- Special machine tools

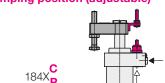
184XA



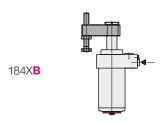


Pneumatic position monitoring integrated

Monitoring of the clamping arm in clamping position (adjustable)



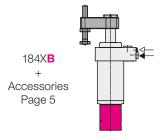
Position monitoring as accessories Switch rod for external sensors



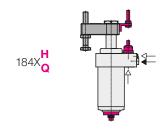
Monitoring of the piston in unclamping position



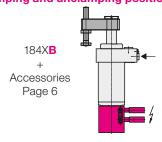
Pneumatic position monitoring in clamping and unclamping position



Both controls combined



Electrical position monitoring in clamping and unclamping position



Description

The hydraulic swing clamp is a pull-type cylinder where a part of the total stroke is used to swing the piston.

The favourable area ratio (piston/piston rod) allows high clamping forces already at relatively low oil pressures.

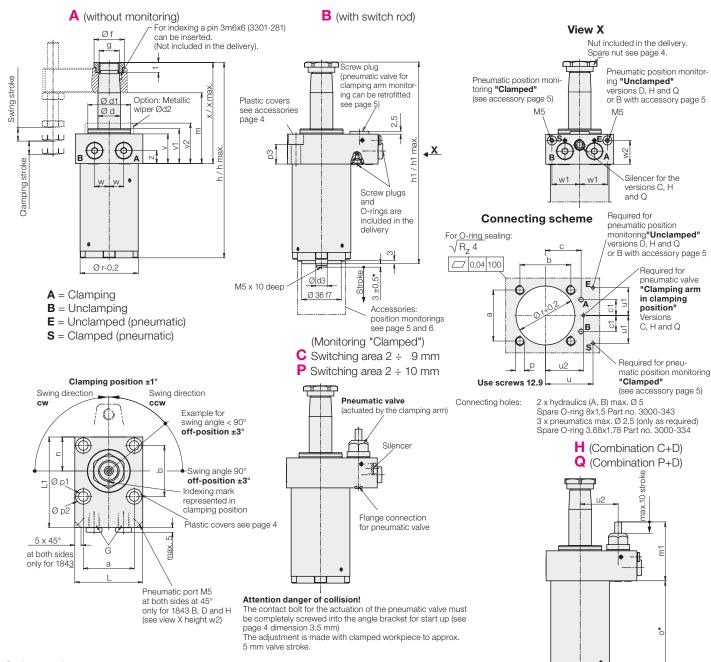
Due to the sturdy swing mechanism the angle position of the clamping arm remains the same after a slight collision with the workpiece during loading or unloading. Also a collision during the clamping process is not critical.

When using high flow rates the swing speed is limited by installed throttle points.

The FKM wiper at the piston rod can be protected against coarse and hot swarf by an optionally available metallic wiper (see page 6). The different possibilities of the position monitoring are presented at the side.

Important notes see page 6.

Versions: Code letters A, B, C, D, H, P, Q **Dimensions • Swing angles**



Swing angle

1. Swing angle 90° (standard)

Part no.

90° cw 184X-X090-RXX 90° ccw 184X-X090-LXX 0° 184X-X000-0XX

2. Swing angle α < 90°

α = 15° to 75° in gradation of 5°

By insertion of a distance plate the return stroke of the piston is reduced and thus the swing angle is reduced.

Clamping stroke and clamping position remain the same. The swing stroke and the dimensions h, h1, m and x are reduced by y:

 $y = (90^{\circ} - \alpha^{\circ}) * k$ (k see chart page 3)

Example:

Swing clamp 1845-A090-L30

Desired swing angle 45° ccw

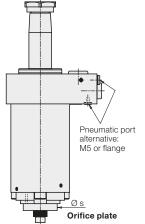
1845-A045-L30 Part no.

Shortening:

 $y = (90^{\circ} - 45^{\circ}) * 0.12 \text{ mm/}^{\circ} = 5.4 \text{ mm}$

3. Swing angle > 90°

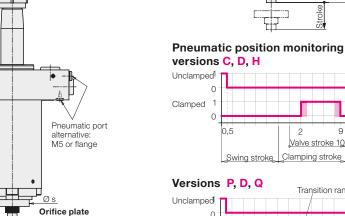
Available on request!

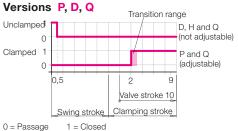


The lower part of the swing clamp must be protected against swarf and dirt for trouble-free functioning of the orifice plate.

* see swing angle $\alpha < 90^{\circ}$

D (Monitoring "Unclamped")





0 = Passage

Actual issue see www.roemheld.com

Römheld GmbH

D, H and Q

C and H

9

(adjustable)

(not adjustable)

2

Technical data

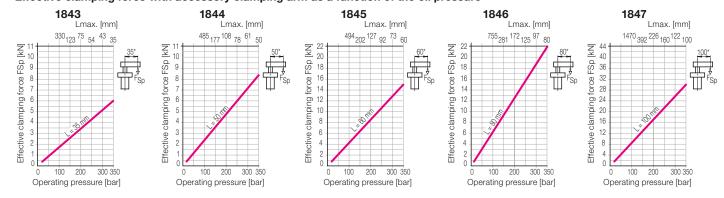
Max. pulling force (350 kg	oar)	[kN]	7.5	10.5	18.4	27.5	39.1
Effective clamping force		[kN]	S	ee diagram page 3 or	calculation of the clar	mping force on page 4	4
Clamping stroke		[mm]	12	12	15	15	15
Swing stroke		[mm]	11	12	15	21	24
Total stroke ±0.2		[mm]	23	24	30	36	39
Min. operating pressure		[bar]	30	30	30	30	30
Max. flow rate	Clamping	[cm ³ /s]	10	14	32	57	87
(see page 4)	Unclamping	[cm ³ /s]	20	28	60	110	185
					5.27		
Effective	Clamping	[cm ²]	2.14	3.01		7.86	11.19
piston area	Unclamping	[cm ²]	4.15	6.15	10.17	15.9	23.75
Oil volume / stroke		[cm ³]	4.9	7.2	15.8	28.3	43.7
Oil to return		[cm ³]	9.6	14.8	30.5	57.2	92.7
Piston Ø		[mm]	23	28	36	45	55
а		[mm]	37	45	54	66	76
b		[mm]	40	45	54	66	76
C		[mm]	28.5	31.5	35	43	56
c1		[mm]	12	14	14	18	20.5
Ød		[mm]	16	20	25	32	40
Ø d1		[mm]	28	38	45	48	60
Ø d2		[mm]	33	42	54	54.5	75
Ø d3		[mm]	10	10	12	12	12
Øf		[mm]	27	30	36	40	55
g		[mm]	M14x1.5	M18x1.5	M20x1.5	M28x1.5	M35x1.5
G		[i i i i i j	G 1/8	G 1/8	G 1/4	G 1/4	G 1/4
h +0.4/-0.3 / h max. ¹⁾		[mm]	161 / 162.3	174 / 175.8	203 / 204.8	233.5 / 233.9	254 / 255.7
h1 +0.4/-0.3 / h1max. ¹⁾		[mm]	165 / 166.3	178 / 179.8	207 / 208.8	237.5 / 237.9	257 / 258.7
k		[mm/°]	0.091	0.093	0.12	0.152	0.183
L		[mm]	50	62	75	88	100
L1		[mm]	70	81	95	105	120
m +0.4/-0.7 ²⁾		[mm]	62.4	63.9	74.9	80.3	84.8
m1		[mm]	52	52	56	56	56
n		[mm]	26.5	31	37	44	50
0		[mm]	98	105	118	136	146
р		[mm]	M6	M8	M10	M12	M12
Ø p1		[mm]	6.6	9	11	13	13
Ø p2 H13		[mm]	11	15	18	20	20
p3		[mm]	18.4	15.4	17.4	15.4	17.4
Ør		[mm]	45	52	60	76	90
Øs		[mm]	30	30	33	33	33
t		[mm]	7.5	9	10	10	11
U		[mm]	36.5	42	50	53	62
u1		[mm]	18.5	24.5	28	32	35
u2		[mm]	27	33.5	41.5	44.5	53.5
		[mm]	26.4	26.4	30.4	30.4	30.4
V							
v1		[mm]	31	31	35	36	36
v2		[mm]	36	36	40	41	41
W		[mm]	12	13	17	20	20.5
w1		[mm]	22.5	24.5	28	32	35
w2		[mm]	22	21	24.5	25	26
x +0.3/-0.2 / x max.1)		[mm]	84 / 85.2	90 / 91.7	106 / 107.7	118.5 / 118.8	128 / 129.6
Z		[mm]	11	11.5	12	12	15
Weight, approx.		[kg]	1.7	2.3	3.9	6	8.9
Part no.	Swing direction 90° cw		1843-X090-R23M	1844-X090-R24M	1845-X090-R30M	1846-X090-R36M	1847-X090-R39M
	Swing direction 90° ccv	V	1843-X090-L23M	1844-X090-L24M	1845-X090-L30M	1846-X090-L36M	1847-X090-L39M
				1844-X000-024M			

Code letter X see page 2.

¹⁾ h / h1 / x = upper edge piston h max. / h1 max. / x = upper edge nut

²⁾ m = lower edge clamping arm

Effective clamping force with accessory clamping arm as a function of the oil pressure

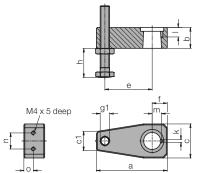


M = Option metallic wiper (see also page 6)

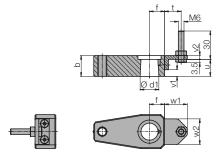
^{*} Clamping force for other lengths see page 4.

Accessories - Clamping arms • Plastic covers • Metallic wipers Calculation of the flow rate • Calculation of the clamping force

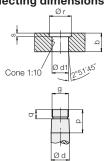
Clamping arm, max. 350 bar



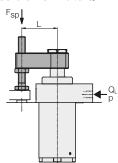
Clamping arm complete with angle



Special clamping arm 1. Connecting dimensions



2. Admissible flow rate Q*



In the chart on page 3, the admissible flow rates for clamping and unclamping with the clamping arms (accessories) are specified. Longer special clamping arms have a higher torque of inertia. To avoid an overload of the swing mechanism, the flow rate has to be reduced:

2.1 Moments of inertia are known

$$Q_L = Q_e * \sqrt{\frac{J_e}{J_L}} cm^3/s$$

Q₁ = Flow rate with special clamping arm

Q = Flow rate as per chart (page 3)

J_e = Moment of inertia of the clamping arm (accessory) with contact bolt (chart)

J₁ = Moment of inertia special clamping arm

* Only for vertical mounting position!

Swing clamps		1843	1844	1845	1846	1847
a	[mm]	58	75	93	120	154
b	[mm]	17	22	26	32	38
C	[mm]	28	36	45	60	72
c1	[mm]	14	20	23	28	36
Ød f7	[mm]	16	20	25	32	40
Ød1 +0.1/+0.05	[mm]	15.8	19.8	24.8	31.8	39.8
е	[mm]	35	50	60	80	100
f	[mm]	16	16	22	26	34
g	[mm]	M14x1.5	M18x1.5	M20x1.5	M28x1.5	M35x1.5
g1	[mm]	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
h min/max	[mm]	5/45	6/64	7/70	9/85	12/100
Ø k +0.1	[mm]	3	3	3	3	3
I +0.5	[mm]	9.5	11	11	11.5	12
m ±0.05	[mm]	7.8	9.8	12	15	19
n	[mm]	11	17	20	20	20
0	[mm]	6	10	12	20	20
p	[mm]	22.5	27	32	39	44
q	[mm]	9	10	11	12.7	12.7
Ør	[mm]	20	24.5	31	34.5	46
S	[mm]	2.5	4	4	4.5	5
t	[mm]	11	17.5	19	19	19
u	[mm]	17	18	21	19	25
v1	[mm]	6	7	8	6	12
v2	[mm]	4	4	5	5	5
w1	[mm]	18	24	26	26	26
w2	[mm]	21	27	30	30	30
Part no. Clamping arm						
 with contact bolt 		0354-152	0354-153	0354-154	0354-155	0354-259
Weight, approx.	[kg]	0.19	0.39	0.69	1.43	2.64

Tightening torque Special clamping arm

Moment of inertia of J_e

Moment of inertia of Je

complete with angle

Angle bracket complete

without thread g1

Weight, approx.

Plastic cover*

Metallic wiper

Spare nut



16

0.00011

0.00007

0354-156

0184-003

3300-685

0341-104

3527-092

0.16

3548-660

[kgm²]

[kgm²]

[Nm]

[kg]

0.00046

0.00033

0354-157

0184-004

3300-684

0341-107

3527-014

0.34

3548-661

** Order 4 off swing clamps

0.00398

0.00298

0354-159

0184-005

3300-682

0341-100

3527-015

3548-804

0.01198

3548-919

0.00896

0354-175

0184-005

3300-682

0341-101

3527-048

2.2 Moments of inertia not known

This simplified calculation is only applicable for clamping arms of the above shape.

Example: Swing clamps 1843

L = 70 mm

e = 35 mm as per above chart

Q_a = 10 cm³/s (as per chart page 3)

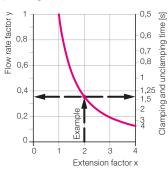
 $\frac{x}{e} \frac{L}{e} = \frac{70 \text{ mm}}{35 \text{ mm}} = 2$ 1. Extension factor

2. Flow rate factor as per diagram \rightarrow y = 0.35

Max. flow rate

 $Q_1 = y * Q_n = 0.35 * 10 cm^3/s = 3.5 cm^3/s$

4. Min. clamping time approx. 1.4 s as per diagram



Adm. flow rate and clamping time as a function of the clamping arm extension

Clamping force and admissible operating pressure

0.0011

0.62

3548-803

0.00084

0354-158

0184-005

3300-683

0341-105

3527-099

Effective clamping force (general)
$$F_{Sp} = \frac{p}{A + (B \star L)} \le F_{adm.} \qquad [kN]$$

Admissible clamping force

$$F_{adm} = \frac{C}{I}$$
 [kN]

Admissible operating pressure
$$p_{\text{adm}} = \frac{D}{L} + E \leq 350 \hspace{1cm} \text{[bar]}$$

L = special length [mm] p = pressure [bar]

A, B, C, D, E = constants as per chart

Constant

	1843	1844	1845	1846	1847
Α	46.64	33.15	18.98	12.72	8.93
В	0.335	0.17	0.073	0.04	0.027
С	210	420	900	1760	3000
D	9795	13926	17078	22386	26805
Е	70.26	71.33	65.44	70.36	81.78

Example: Swing clamps 1843

L = 70 mm

1. Admissible clamping force
$$F_{adm} = \frac{C}{L} = \frac{210}{70} = 3 \text{ kN}$$

2. Admissible operating pressure

$$p_{adm} = \frac{D}{L} + E = \frac{9795}{70} + 70.26 = 210 \text{ bar}$$

Accessory for 184XB0XX • Pneumatic position monitoring (not adjustable) Pneumatic valve

Application

A prerequisite for automated processes of workpiece clamping are hydraulic clamping elements whose position can be monitored at anv time.

The pneumatic position monitorings signal the following conditions by closing two bore holes:

- 1. Piston extended, clamping arm in offposition.
- 2. Piston in clamping area, clamping arm in clamping position.

By the pressure increase in the pneumatic line an electro-pneumatic pressure switch or a differential pressure switch can be actuated.

The electrical switching devices are integrated in the electric control so that on the clamping fixture no electricity is required.

Description

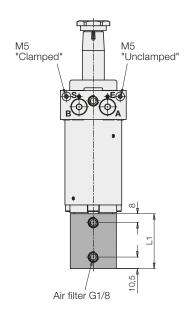
The pneumatic position monitoring consists of the stainless control housing with fit signal sleeve, to be connected to the switch rod of the swing clamp by means of the delivered screw. Four fixing screws are included in our delivery.

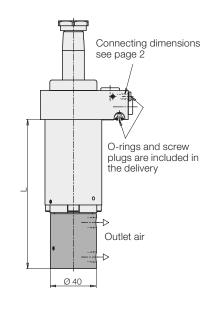
Pneumatic port Drilled channels

The swing clamp with the mounted position monitoring is inserted into the location hole and is immediately ready for use with the mounted O-rings.

Hose connection

Remove the plugs M5 and screw-in connecting nipple M5 (accessory) Sealing to the flange area is made by the two O-rings.



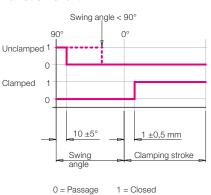


Technical data

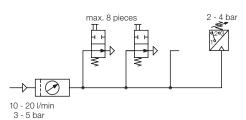
Connection		O-ring or thread M5
Nominal diameter	[mm]	2
Max. air pressure	[bar]	10
Range of operating	[bar]	35
pressure		00
Differential pressure*) a		
3 bar system pressure	[bar]	min. 1.5
5 bar system pressure	[bar]	min. 3.5
Air flow rate **)	[l/min]	1020

- Required pressure drop if one or several position monitorings are not operated.
- **) For measuring the air flow rate appropriate devices are available. Please contact us.

Function chart



Monitoring by pneumatic pressure switch Part no.



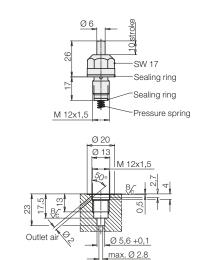
For the evaluation of the pneumatic pressure built-up standard pneumatic pressure switches can be used. It is possible to monitor with one pressure switch up to 8 position monitorings connected in series (see circuit diagram). It has to be considered that process-safe functioning of pneumatic position monitorings is only guaranteed with throttled air and system pressure. The nominal values are indicated below technical data.

Swing clamps	3	1843B0XX	1844B0XX	1845B0XX	1846B0XX	1847B0XX	
L	[mm]	129	136	172	190	200	
L1	[mm]	50	50	73	73	73	
Swing angle (see page 2)							
0 or 90°		0353-913	0353-913	0353-914	0353-916	0353-956	
15 to $75^{\circ} = 1$	XX 03	53-913-0XX	0353-913-0XX	0353-914-0XX	0353-916-0XX	0353-956-0XX	
(graduation of	5°)						

Pneumatic valve

Spare part for versions C, H, P and Q

Part no. Switching range 2 - 9 mm 0353-933 Switching range 2 - 10 mm 0353-934 Max. operating pressure 10 bar Max. tightening torque 25 Nm Function charts see page 2.



Pneumatic port

5

Accessory for 184XB0XX • Electrical position monitoring (adjustable) Important notes • Wiper system • Throttling of flow rate

Application

Electrical position monitorings signal the following conditions due to damping of two inductive proximity switches:

- 1. Piston extended, clamping arm in off-position.
- 2. Piston in clamping area, clamping arm in clamping position.
- Piston in final position, no workpiece inserted. *)
- *) If this function is not desired, e.g. in setting mode, the proximity switch can be adjusted so that the switch is still damped at the stroke end (see function chart).

Description

The electrical position monitoring consists of the housing with two adjustable inductive proximity switches and one switching cam fixed at the switch rod of the swing clamp.

The fixing screws are included in our delivery. The housing can also be mounted turned by 180°. The radial distance of the proximity switches to the switching cam should be 0.5 mm. It is secured by means of a set screw M4. After untightening of the locking screw M4 the proximity switches can be axially displaced.

Please note:

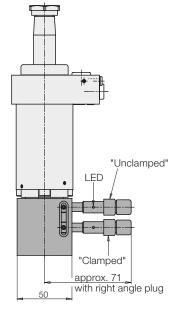
Careful design is required. According to the corresponding application conditions, safety measures have to be planned and checked later on.

Inductive position monitorings are not suitable for the use in coolant and swarf areas.

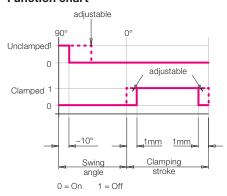
45

Technical data

Operating voltage	1030 V DC
Max. residual ripple	15 %
Max. constant current	200 mA
Switching function	interlock
Output	PNP
Body material	stainless steel
Thread	M8x1
Code class	IP 67
Environmental temperature	-25+70 °C
LED Function display	yes
Protected against short circuits	yes
Connection type	Right angle plug
Length of cable	5 m



Function chart



Part no.

Swing clamps	1843B0XX	1844B0XX	1845B0XX	1846B0XX	1847B0XX
L [mm]	131	138	172	190	200
L1 [mm]	52	52	73	73	73
With switch and plug plug	0353-905	0353-905	0353-915	0353-915	0353-915
Without switch and plug	0353-906	0353-906	0353-917	0353-917	0353-917

Important notes

Swing clamps must only be used for clamping of workpieces in industrial applications and may only be operated with hydraulic oil. They can generate very high forces. The workpiece, the fixture or the machine must be in the position to compensate these forces.

In the effective area of piston rod and clamping arm there is the danger of crushing. The manufacturer of the fixture or the machine is obliged to provide effective protection devices. The swing clamp has no overload protection device. When mounting the clamping arm, the clamping arm or the hexagon socket in the piston have to be backed up for tightening and untightening the fixing nut. During loading and unloading of the fixture and during clamping a collision with the clamping arm has to be avoided.

Remedy: Mount position adaptor.

Operating conditions, tolerances and other data see data sheet A 0.100.

Wiper system

The standard FKM wiper has a high chemical resistance against most cooling and cutting fluids

The optional metallic wiper protects the FKM wiper against mechanical damage due to big or hot swarf.

It consists of a radially floating wiping disk and a retaining disk.

The metallic wiper can be delivered already mounted ("M") or as an accessory for retrofitting (see page 4).

Attention!

The metallic wiper is not suitable for dry machining or minimum quantity lubrication. Also in applications with very little grinding swarf, the standard FKM wiper has a better protection effect.

If there is any danger that small particles stick to the piston rod, the metallic wiper disk can also be replaced by a hard plastic disk.

Throttling of the flow rate

A flow rate throttling always has to be effected in the supply line to the swing clamp. This avoids a pressure intensification and thereby pressures exceeding 350 bar.

